# Auburn University Southern Forest Nursery Management Cooperative

2008 Forest Nursery Management Shortcourse

## Regulations

## **ACRONYMS**



## Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

- The basic legal framework for the labeling, distribution, sale and application of pesticides
- Requires registration of producers
- Enforces the label contents
- Requires that a certified applicator be present during the use of a restricted use pesticide

## Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

- Where a state has a federally approved pesticide program, the state is the primary enforcement authority,
- Ultimate enforcement authority lies with the EPA because EPA can take over a state's enforcement authority if the state's programs are not adequately enforced.

## Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended by the Food Quality Protection Act of 1996

#### The changes included:

- Mandates a single, health-based standard for all pesticides in all foods
- Provides special protections for infants and children (10 x safety factor)
- Expedites approval of safer pesticides
- Creates incentives for the development and maintenance of effective crop protection tools
- Requires periodic re-evaluation of pesticide registrations and tolerances

## Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended by the Food Quality Protection Act of 1996

Requires periodic re-evaluation of pesticide registrations and tolerances

- Law requires that all pesticides have a reassessment within 10 years
- To be completed by August 2006
- After this they must be updated every 15 years.
- Voluntary cancellations

A Federal Regulation issued in 1992 with the intention of protecting agricultural workers and pesticide handlers against possible harmful effects of agricultural pesticides

- Began with concerns for vegetable pickers
- Strongly supported by farm worker unions
- Like FIFRA, ultimate enforcement lies with EPA

#### Who must comply?

- You own or manage a farm, forest, nursery or greenhouse where pesticides are used in the production of agricultural plants
- You hire or contract for the services of agricultural workers
- You operate a business in which you (or people you employ) apply pesticides
- You operate a business in which you (or people you employ) perform tasks as a crop advisor

What pesticides are covered?

READ THE LABEL

#### **Agricultural Use Requirements:**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE)and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Protective eyewear
- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

#### **Non-Agricultural Use Requirements:**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated area until sprays have dried.

#### Who does it cover?

- Agricultural Workers Anyone who is employed (including self employed) for any type of compensation while doing tasks related to the production of plants
- Pesticide Handlers Anyone who is employed (including self employed) and receives compensation for using pesticides in the production of plants

Employers are responsible for making sure that workers and handlers receive the protections required by the pesticide labeling and the WPS

Non compliance to the WPS is the same thing as using a pesticide in a manner which is inconsistent with its labeling

State inspectors are checking for WPS compliance

Requires you to provide to your employees

- Information
- Protection
- Mitigation

You are not required to provide this information to the public or your neighbors

#### INFORMATION

Three ways to inform workers and handlers

- Signs
- Verbal
- Central Location

Some pesticides require double notification

Which is best?

## DANGER PELIGRO PESTICIDAS



## KEEP OUT NO ENTRE

THIS PROPERTY TREATED WITH

on \_\_\_\_

and all persons are warned to stay out until



#### PESTICIDE RECORD FORM

1. APPLICATOR INFORMATION				
Applicators Name:	License #:			
Date of Application:				
Time Started:		Time Stopped:	<u> </u>	
2. EQUIPMENT USED				
Sprayer Type:		<del></del>		
Tractor #:	Gear Con	Gear Combination:		
Tractor #:No. of Seconds to go 100 feet:	RPM:			
PSI: # of Nozzles: Swath Width:		idth:		
Nozzle Type:	Volume/I	Volume/Nozzle:		
3. LOCATION				
Blocks and/or Beds Sprayed: Total Acres Treated:				
	County: <u>Tattnall</u>	State: <u>Georgia</u>		
4. PESTICIDE INFORMATION				
Name of Pesticide Used:				
Rate Applied (quantity/acre):	Total Quantity Applied:			
Name and Rate of any Additive used in a Wa	ater Carrier: (i.e surfactant, crop of	il, etc.):		
Rate of Mix Sprayed Per Acre:	N			
5 CD OD A DDI TED TO				
6. TARGET PEST(S):				
7. SAFETY EQUIPMENT USED:				
8. WEATHER CONDITIONS				
Wind Speed:	Wind Din	ection:		
Temperature:		Cloud Cover:		
<b>UNEXPECTED PROBLEMS</b> Description	Of Problem(s) And Corrective Action	n Taken:		
<b>NOTE:</b> Follow directions on the label of the	container. THE LABEL IS THE L	AW!		
The following information must be posted for 30 days after REI expires.	on the Worker Protection Standar	rd, Central Area Information	Board. It must remain posted	
for 30 days after KEI expires.				
Data of Application:				
Time				
Date of Application:  Time:  Name of Pesticide Used:	EPA Registration	n Number:		
Active Ingredient:				
Blocks and/or beds sprayed:				
Restricted Entry Interval (Hrs):	REI End (Date/Time):			

#### **PROTECTION**

- Protect handlers during handling tasks
- Personal Protective Equipment
- Reduce or eliminate pesticide exposure
- Exclude workers from treated areas
  - In nurseries this includes the area immediately around the treated area (100 feet or more)
- Exclude workers during the REI

### Mitigation

- Decontamination Sites
  Water, Soap and Single-Use Towels
  Eyewash
  Must be at Mixing Site
- Emergency Assistance
   Transportation
   Information regarding any chemical exposure



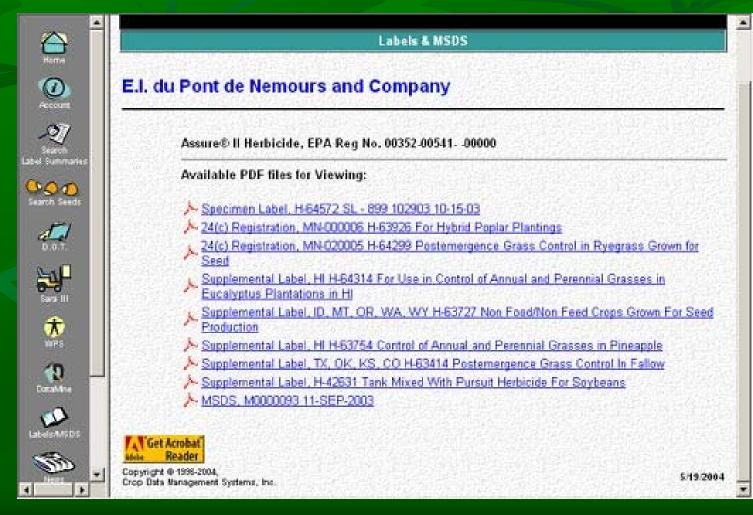


Exception for workers to perform irrigation tasks during the REI

- Worker contact with treated surfaces is minimal and limited to feet, lower legs, hands and forearms
- Pesticide does not have a statement in labeling requiring double notification
- PPE for early entry is provided and conforms to label requirements
- No hand labor activity is performed
- The time in treated area may not exceed 8 hrs. in a 24 hr. period
- Can not enter the area during the first 4 hrs. of the REI

## Information on Label & MSDS

Go to www.cdms.net



- Passed in 1970, administered by the Dept. of Labor
- Its purpose is to reduce workplace hazards and to implement new and improve existing safety and health programs
- All employees are covered except for
  - Self-employed
  - Family operated farms
  - Public workers

Establishments that employ 11 or more must keep records and report

- All occupational illnesses
- Injuries resulting in death, or
- One or more lost work days, or
- Restriction of work or motion
- Loss of consciousness, or
- Transfer to another job, or
- Medical treatment (other than first aid)

Record keeping forms must be maintained on a yearly basis and keep at the establishment for 5 years

They must be available for inspection

Three forms required

- OSHA 300 New form replaces 200
   Log of Work- Related Injuries and Illnesses
- OSHA 301 Injury and Illness Incident Report
- OSHA 300A Summary of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses This summary is to be posted at the facility from Feb. 1 to March 1

#### **Chemical Hazard Communication**

- Employers must:
  - 1. Identify and list hazardous chemicals
  - Obtain MSDS's and labels for each hazardous chemical
  - Develop and implement a written hazard communication program
  - 4. Communicate hazard information to employees through labels, MSDS's and formal training

## **Material Safety Data Sheets**



## Material Safety Data Sheets

				DATE OF	DATE UPDATE
PRODUCT NAME	MANUFACTURER	CITY & STATE	PHONE NUMBER	MSDS ON FILE	NEEDED
ATF	Phillips 66 Company	Bartlesville, OK	800-762-0942	5/24/2001	5/24/2006
CARBON DIOXIDE	Holox, Lt.	Norcross, GA	770-925-4640	6/1/2001	6/1/2006
GOAL 2 XL	Rohm & Haas Co.	Philadelphia, PA	215-592-3000	6/1/2001	6/1/2006
MEDALLION	Sygenta Crop Protection,	Greensboro, NC	800-888-8372	7/16/2001	7/16/2006
BRAKE FLUID	Radiator Specialty Co.	Charlotte, NC	704-377-6555	8/1/2001	8/1/2006
MOTOR OIL	Phillips 66 Company	Bartlesville, OK	800-762-0942	10/29/2001	10/29/2006
PERMIT	Monsanto Co.	St. Louis, MO	800-332-3111	10/29/2001	10/29/2006
AMINE 4 - 2,4-D	Agriliance, LLC	St. Paul, MN	800-232-3639	11/9/2001	11/9/2006
CHLORONIL 720	Sygenta Crop Protection,	Greensboro, NC	216-357-4100	12/13/2001	12/13/2006
WELDING WIRE	Lincoln Electric Co.	Cleveland, OH	216-481-8100	12/17/2001	12/17/2006
BAR & CHAIN OIL	Phillips 66 Company	Bartlesville, OK	800-762-0942	1/1/2002	1/1/2007
REMEDY	Dow Agro Sciences LLC	Indianapolis, IN	800-258-3033	2/11/2002	2/11/2007
GASOLINE,	ExxonMobil Oil Corp.	Fairfax, VA	800-662-4525	3/1/2002	3/1/2007
MALATHION 57EC	Platte Chemical Co.	Greeley, CO	800-232-3639	4/25/2002	4/25/2007
THIRAM	Gustafson LLC	Plano, TX	972-985-8877	6/1/2002	6/1/2007
PROPANE	Phillips 66 Company	Bartlesville, OK	800-762-0942	6/21/2002	6/21/2007
DIESEL FUEL NO. 2	Phillips 66 Company	Bartlesville, OK	800-762-0942	8/13/2002	8/13/2007

# Information on Current Trends and Regulations Related to Pesticides

The Georgia Pest Management Newsletter

Issued monthly by Dr. Paul Guillebeau at UGA

To receive your free e-mail copy send your e-mail address to: tall@bugs.ent.uga.edu

To view back issues go to:

http://pubs.caes.uga.edu/caespubs/entomology/pestnewsletter/newsarchive.html

## **USDA - Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service**

- They have the authority to regulate the interstate shipment of plant material in order to stop the spread of plant diseases and pests
- It is a partnership with state agencies responsible for plant inspection
- Specific organisms are restricted in their transport (SOD)
- If you sell, trade, give away or move plant material across state lines then those plants must be certified pest free

## **Department of Labor**

- Administers the Migrant and Seasonal Worker Protection Act
- Should have the MSPA poster displayed at your work site and planting sites
- MSPA Poster can be found @ /www.dol.gov/esa/regs/compliance/posters /pdf/mspaenspbw.pdf

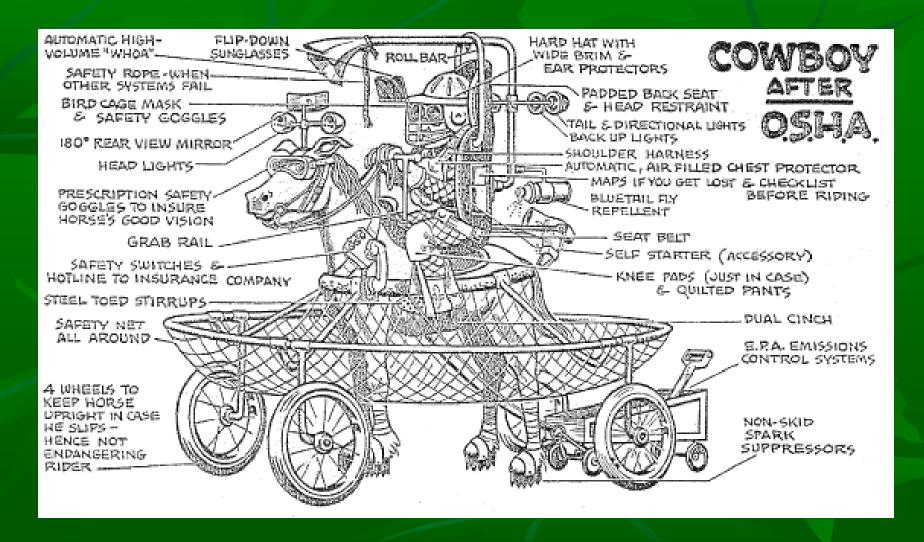
## **Department of Labor**

Other posters that maybe required at your site

- Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA)
- Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)
- Employee Polygraph Protection Act (EPPA)
- Job Safety & Health Protection
- Equal Employment Opportunity Act
- Notice to Workers with Disabilities
- Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Act (USERRA)

- OSHA is now working on task guidelines for specific industries related to ergonomic hazards
- Nursery industry is one of the targets of this effort
- Need to keep eye out for any proposals related to us

## The OSHA Cowboy



# **Environmental Protection Agency and US State Department**

Montreal Protocol